

STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

102 Sandakan Road, Revesby Heights NSW 2212

Demolition of existing structures, and new proposal of Detached Dwellings, Torrens Title Subdivision and one Swimming Pool.

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1.0 DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION OVERVIEW

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) forms part of a Development Application submitted to Canterbury Bankstown Council for Demolition of existing structures, new proposal of detached dwellings, torrens title subdivision and a swimming pool at 102 Sandakan Rd, Revesby Heights NSW 2212 (the subject site).

This application is made under the Canterbury Bankstown Council Local Environmental Plan 2023 and the Canterbury Bankstown Council Development Control Plan 2023 to be included in a Development Application (DA) to be submitted to Canterbury Bankstown Council seeking development consent.

SUMMARY OF PROPOSAL		
Proposal	Demolition of existing structures, new proposal of detached dwellings, torrens title subdivision and a swimming pool.	
B	102 Sandakan Rd, Revesby Heights NSW 2212	
Property Details	Lot/Section/Plan no: 4167/-/DP217130	
Local Government Area	Canterbury Bankstown Council	
Client	Livingston Homes	
Project no.	0077	
Date	April 2024	



Figure 1: 102 Sandakan Rd, Revebsy Heights NSW 2212 (Source: SIX Maps)

1.1 CONTEXT ANALYSIS

The location of the subject site within Revesby Heights means that it is well serviced by public, social and economic infrastructure such as schools, shops, transport, and recreational facilities.

As a result, the subject site can be advertised as being in a suburban location with easy access to many services and facilities that promote activity within the South Western suburbs. The location of these elements therefore creates an ideal setting for the development of land and its continued integration into the surrounding environment.

Revesby Heights is predominately defined by single & double residential dwellings.



Figure 2: Local Site Context (Source: Six Maps)

1.2 SITE ANALYSIS

The subject site at 102 Sandakan Rd, Revesby Heights is located within the South West of the Sydney Central Business District and within the ward of the Canterbury Bankstown Local Government Area (LGA). The subject site is a single storey dwelling allotment with pedestrian and vehicular access from Sandakan Road. The site is an irregular shaped allotment with a eastern orientation. The site has a 24.205m frontage to Sandakan Road, a site depth of minimum 41.105m and a total site area of 783m2.

The subject site is located within an R2 Low Density Residential zone. Currently, the site contains a single storey dwelling. The topography of the site falls down from West to East 4.23m. Images of the existing dwelling on the site are shown below:



Figure 3: Subject site

1.3 SITE IMAGES



Figure 4: Aerial Photograph of Subject Site (shaded in yellow) indicating broader location (Source: SIX Maps)



Figure 5: Aerial Image of Subject Site (in yellow) indicating lot boundaries and street access (Source: SIX Maps)

2.0 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSAL

This Development Application (DA) is made for Demolition of existing structures, new proposal of detached dwellings, torrens title subdivision and a swimming pool at 102 Sandakan Rd, Revesby Heights NSW 2212. The proposed works are permitted within Canterbury Bankstown Council LEP 2023 and Canterbury Bankstown Council DCP 2023.

The Architectural plans submitted alongside this Statement of Environmental Effects further indicate the extent of the built works and should be referred to as a part of this application.

2.1 Scope of Proposed Works

The following list details the extent of the proposed works under this Development Application. Further clarification of the below details is made clear in the attached plans and drawings submitted with this application.

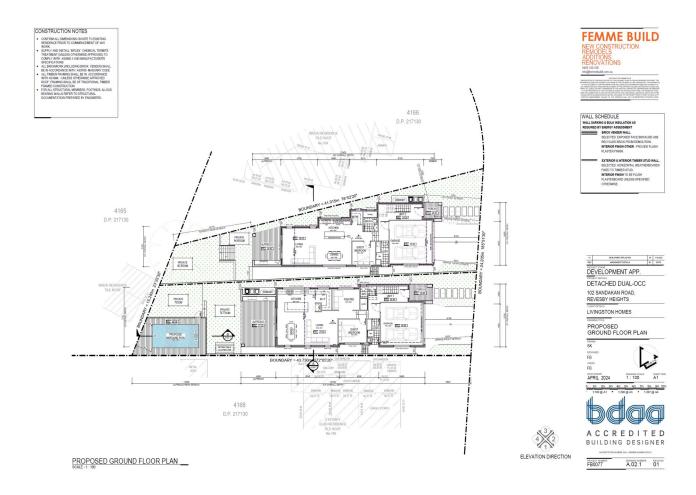


Figure 6: Proposed Ground Floor (Source: Femme Build)

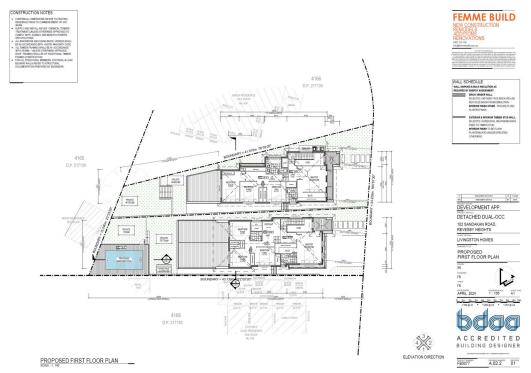


Figure 7: Proposed First Floor (Source: Femme Build)



Figure 8: Proposed Southern & Eastern Elevations (Source: Femme Build)

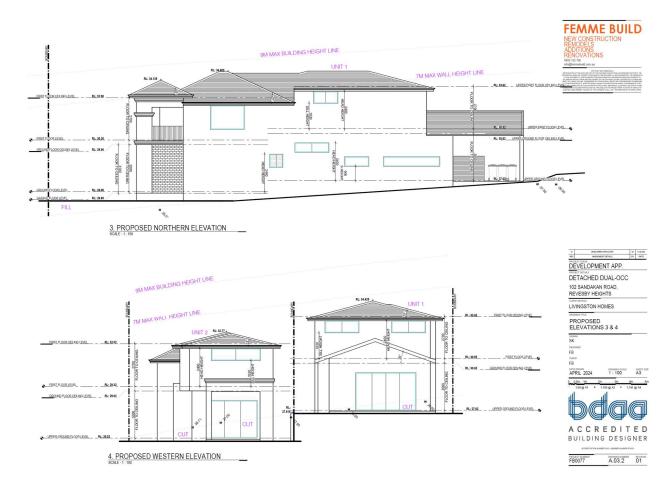


Figure 9: Proposed Northern & Western Elevation (Source: Femme Build)

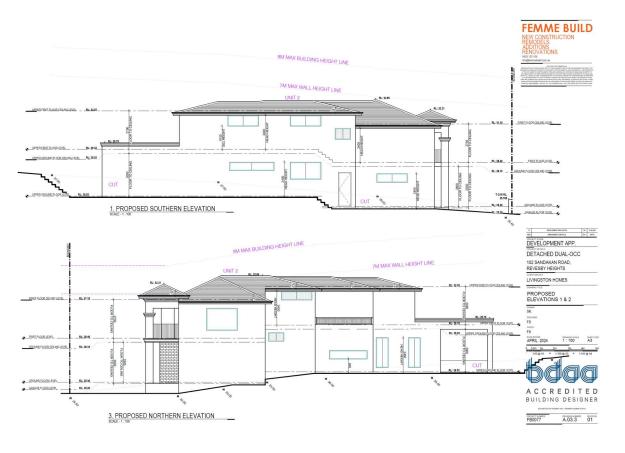


Figure 10: Proposed Southern & Northern Elevation (Source: Femme Build)

3.0 PLANNING ASSESSMENT OVERVIEW

The application is to be assessed against the relevant NSW State Government Environmental Planning Instrument's below.

Relevant Planning Instruments

- 1. Environmental Planning & Assessment Act (1979)
- 2. Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulations (2000)
- 3. Canterbury Bankstown Council Local Environmental Plan 2023

And the following Local Provisions:

Relevant Local Planning Instruments

1. Canterbury Bankstown Council Development Control Plan 2023

4.0 SECTION 4.15 (1) (A) ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENTS

4.2 INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT

The proposal does not constitute Integrated Development and does not require concurrent approval from any other State Government Bodies pursuant to clause 4.8 of the Act.

4.3 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY NO. 55 - REMEDIATION OF LAND

This SEPP provides a state-wide practice for the remediation of contaminated land. Under clause 7 (1) (a) of State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land, consideration has to be given as to whether the land is contaminated.

The site appears to have been in non-contaminating business use since its original subdivision and there is no evidence of any potentially contaminating uses occurring. In addition, the proposal does seeks to undertake any excavation within the site. There are minimal works under this proposal, and it can be concluded that there is no likelihood of contamination within the site and the site is suitable for its intended use.

No further consideration is therefore required under clause 7 (1) (b) and (c) of SEPP 55.

4.4 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY- BUILDING SUSTAINABILITY INDEX: (BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 ("BASIX") is applicable to this application with a valid BASIX Certificate provided along with the application.

5.0 PLANNING ASSESSMENT: CANTERBURY BANKSTOWN LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2023

The following section details the applicable elements of the Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2023. The proposed development is compliant with the requirements of the zoning and the applicable clauses in Part 2 of the Canterbury Bankstown LEP 2023.

CANTERBURY BANKSTOWN COUNCIL LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2023

CLAUSE	REQUIREMENTS	COMPLIANCE
2.1 Land Use Zone	R2 – Low Density Residential	Complaint
4.1 Minimum Lot Size	500m²	Compliant
4.3 Height of Building	9m	Complaint
4.4 Floor Space Ratio	0.5:1	Complaint
5.10 Heritage	N/A	N/A
5.21 Flood Planning	N/A	N/A
6.1 Acid Sulphate Soils	N/A	Compliant
6.2 Earthwork	N/A	Complaint

Part 2: Permitted or Prohibited Development

	CANTERBURY BANKSTOWN LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2023
	Zone R2 – Low Density Residential
1 Objectives of Zone	 To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low-density residential environment. To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents. To allow for certain non-residential uses that are compatible with residential uses and do not adversely affect the living environment or amenity of the area. To ensure suitable landscaping in the low density residential environment. To minimise and manage traffic and parking impacts. To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones. To promote a high standard of urban design and local amenity.
2 Permitted Without Consent	Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent	Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Information and education facilities; Markets; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Tank-based aquaculture
4 Prohibited	Any development not specified in item 2 or 3

According to the Land Zoning Map within the Canterbury Bankstown Council LEP2023, the site is zoned R2 – Low Density Residential and is considered suitable to accommodate the proposed development in this application.

Dwelling Houses are permissible with consent in this zone. The proposal is for alterations and additions to the existing semi-detached dwelling house. The proposal does not intend to change the use of the dwelling and will continue to provide for the housing needs of the community within the low-density residential environment and enable other land uses that provide facilities or services that will require the day to day needs of the immediate surrounding residents.

The proposal does not seek to modify the current land use of the site.

PART 4 PRINCIPAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

4.3 HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS

	Heigl	nt of Buildings
4.3	(1)	 a) to establish limits on the overall height of development to preserve the environmental amenity of neighbouring properties and public spaces and, if appropriate, the sharing of views, b) to increase development capacity within the Bondi Junction Centre to accommodate future retail and commercial floor space growth, c) to accommodate taller buildings on land in Zone B3 Commercial Core of the Bondi Junction Centre and provide an appropriate transition in building heights surrounding that land, d) to ensure that buildings are compatible with the height, bulk and scale of the desired future character of the locality and positively complement and contribute to the physical definition of the street network and public space.
	(2)	The height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.

The proposal is for minor alterations and additions to the existing dwelling and will not result in any changed to the maximum building height. The subject site has a maximum building height of 9m in accordance with the Canterbury Bankstown Council LEP 2023 Height of Buildings Map.

4.4 FLOOR SPACE RATIO

	Floor Space Ratio			
4.4	(1)	a) to ensure that residential accommodation— (i) is compatible with the desired future character of the area in relation to building bulk, form and scale, and (ii) (provides a suitable balance between landscaped areas and the built form, and (iii) minimises the impact of the bulk and scale of buildings, b) to ensure that non-residential development is compatible with the desired future character of the area in relation to building bulk, form and scale.		
	(2)	The maximum floor space ratio for a building on any land is not to exceed the floor space ratio shown for the land on the Floor Space Ratio Map.		

The Floor Space Ratio applicable to the subject property is defined by the Floor Space Ratio Map - as having a maximum ratio of 0.50:1.

4.6 EXCEPTIONS TO DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

The application relies on a variation to this Standard, as established in this section. The variation is made against Clause 4.3 to Height of buildings. In this instance, the variation relies on a Clause 4.6 exception to the Standard:

	Exce	ptions to development standards
	(1)	The objectives of this clause are as follows— (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development, (b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.
	(2)	Development consent may, subject to this clause, be granted for development even though the development would contravene a development standard imposed by this or any other environmental planning instrument. However, this clause does not apply to a development standard that is expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.
4.6	(3)	Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating— (a) that compliance with the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary in the circumstances of the case, and (b) that there are sufficient environmental planning grounds to justify contravening the development standard.
	(4)	Development consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless— (a) the consent authority is satisfied that— (i) the applicant's written request has adequately addressed the matters required to be demonstrated by subclause (3), and (ii) the proposed development will be in the public interest because it is consistent with the objectives of the particular standard and the objectives for development within the zone in which the development is proposed to be carried out, and (b) the concurrence of the Planning Secretary has been obtained.

This application therefore submits a written request, as detailed below, seeking to justify the contravention of this Standard.

	Heigl	Height of Buildings	
4.3	(1)	 a) to establish limits on the overall height of development to preserve the environmental amenity of neighbouring properties and public spaces and, if appropriate, the sharing of views, b) to increase development capacity within the Bondi Junction Centre to accommodate future retail and commercial floor space growth, c) to accommodate taller buildings on land in Zone B3 Commercial Core of the Bondi Junction Centre and provide an appropriate transition in building heights surrounding that land, d) to ensure that buildings are compatible with the height, bulk and scale of the desired 	
	(2)	future character of the locality and positively complement and contribute to the physical definition of the street network and public space. The height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.	

The subject site has a maximum building height of 9m in accordance with the Canterbury Bankstown Council LEP 2023 Height of Buildings Map.

PART 5 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

5.10 HERITAGE CONSERVATION

	Herit	tage conservation
5.10	(1)	The objectives of this clause are as follows— (a) to conserve the environmental heritage of Randwick, (b) to conserve the heritage significance of heritage items and heritage conservation areas, including associated fabric, settings and views, (c) to conserve archaeological sites, (d) to conserve Aboriginal objects and Aboriginal places of heritage significance.
	(2)	Requirement for consent Development consent is required for any of the following— (a) demolishing or moving any of the following or altering the exterior of any of the following (including, in the case of a building, making changes to its detail, fabric, finish or appearance)— (i) a heritage item, (ii) an Aboriginal object, (iii) a building, work, relic or tree within a heritage conservation area,

The subject site is not located in a heritage conservation area and is not heritage listed.

5.21 FLOOD PLANNING

	Flood planning		
	The objectives of this clause are as follows— (a) to minimise the flood risk to life and property associated with the use of land, (b) to allow development on land that is compatible with the land's flood hazard, taking into account projected changes as a result of climate change, (c) to avoid significant adverse impacts on flood behaviour and the environment.		
	This clause applies to— (a) land identified as "Flood planning area" on the Flood Planning Map, and (b) other land at or below the flood planning level.		
6.3	Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applic unless the consent authority is satisfied that the development— (a) is compatible with the flood hazard of the land, and (b) will not significantly adversely affect flood behaviour resulting in detrimental increases the potential flood affectation of other development or properties, and (c) incorporates appropriate measures to manage risk to life from flood, and (d) will not significantly adversely affect the environment or cause avoidable erosion, siltation destruction of riparian vegetation or a reduction in the stability of river banks or watercourse and (e) is not likely to result in unsustainable social and economic costs to the community as consequence of flooding.		

(4)	A word or expression used in this clause has the same meaning as it has in the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005, unless it is otherwise defined in this clause.
(5)	In this clause— flood planning level means the level of a 1:100 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood event, plus 0.5 metre freeboard.

As per the Flood Planning Map - the site is not identified as being located within a flood planning area.

PART 6 ADDITIONAL LOCAL PROVISIONS

6.1 ACID SULPHATE SOILS

	Acid sulphate soils				
	(1)	The objective of this clause is to ensure that development does not disturb, expose or drain acid sulfate soils and cause environmental damage.			
		t is required for the carrying out of works described in the table to this wn on the Acid Sulfate Soils Map as being of the class specified for those			
6.1		Class of land	Works		
	(2)	2	Any works. Works below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered.		
		3	Works more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface.		
		4	Works more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface.		
		5	Works within 500 metres of adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land that is below 5 metres Australian Height Datum and by which the watertable is likely to be lowered below 1 metre Australian Height Datum on adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land.		

As per the Acid Sulfate Soils Map - the site is not identified as being affected by Acid Sulfate Soils.

6.2 EARTHWORKS

	Earthworks			
6.2	(1)	The objective of this clause is to ensure that earthworks for which development consent is required will not have a detrimental impact on environmental functions and processes, neighbouring uses, cultural or heritage items or features of the surrounding land.		
	(2)	 (a) the earthworks are exempt development under this Plan or another applicable environmental planning instrument, or (b) the earthworks are ancillary to development that is permitted without consent under this Plan or to development for which development consent has been given. 		
	(3)	Before granting development consent for earthworks (or for development involving ancillary earthworks), the consent authority must consider the following matters— (a) the likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on, drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality of the development, (b) the effect of the development on the likely future use or redevelopment of the land, (c) the quality of the fill or the soil to be excavated, or both, (d) the effect of the development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties, (e) the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material, (f) the likelihood of disturbing relics, (g) the proximity to, and potential for adverse impacts on, any waterway, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area, (h) any appropriate measures proposed to avoid, minimise or mitigate the impacts of the development.		

The proposal will result in any additional earthworks.

6.0 PLANNING ASSESSMENT: CANTERBURY BANKSTOWN COUNCIL DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2023

The following component of this report details a compliance analysis of the objectives and controls of the applicable sections and subsections of Chapter 5: Residential Accommodation of the Canterbury Bankstown Development Control Plan (DCP) 2023.

The below tables list the parts and controls of the Canterbury Bankstown Council DCP that relate to the proposed residential dwellings. Final compliance is required to be assessed and authorised by council, but this report seeks to identify elements of the design that comply, do not comply, or those that should comply based on merit through use of justifications.

It should be noted that controls that are not affected by the proposed residential dwellings on the subject property, as well as controls that do not apply to or are not required of the development may not be indicated in the body of the report to follow and may not be summarised in the tables.

6.1 COMPLIANCE SUMMARY TABLE

Chapter 5: RESIDENTIAL ACCOMMODATION Section 4: Dual Occupancies								
Sub-section		Summary of Objectives and Controls		Compliance				
	Subdivision	Minimum 350sqm		Complies				
	Setbacks	REQUIRED Ground Floor 5.5m First Floor 6.5m Side Setback	PROPOSED Ground Floor 5.52m First Floor 6.5m Side Setback	Complies				
		0.9m	0.9m					

Street and impac	visual	To enhance the built form by encouraging quality design that corresponds harmoniously with the surroundings.	Complies
Fence	S	To ensure that fences relate to the period and architectural style of buildings on the site and in the vicinity.	Complies
Visual acous privac	tic	To ensure that development does not unreasonably impact upon existing residential or other properties due to unacceptable loss of privacy or generation of noise.	Complies
Solar	access	To maximise solar access to surrounding properties and the proposed development through appropriate orientation and siting.	Complies
Views		To minimise the impact on existing views and vistas enjoyed from existing residential development and from the public domain.	Complies
Car pa	arking	To provide convenient and accessible parking that is appropriately designed and located.	Complies
Lands and of space		To enhance the amenity and visual setting of the site, streetscape, and surrounding neighbourhood.	Complies
		Minimum 80sqm with 5m minimum dimension.	
Swimr pools pools	ming and spa	To ensure the location of swimming pools and spa pools do not adversely impact upon adjoining properties and/or streetscapes.	Complies

7.0 CONCLUSION

Following a review of the relevant planning controls the development complies with all the provisions of the Canterbury Bankstown Council LEP 2023 and Canterbury Bankstown Council DCP 2023. It is concluded that the proposed development is consistent with the objectives, planning strategies and detailed controls of these planning documents. The proposal made in this application is considerate and relative to the site's immediate context of the residential area.

In general, the proposal is considered to be acceptable, as it does not adversely impact on the integrity or character of the existing building and surrounding area. Furthermore, the proposal will not detract from the streetscape or the inherent nature of the residential area and should be supported. The nature of the site, including its location, topography, zoning, and physical attributes make it an ideal candidate for the proposed redevelopment.

For these reasons outlined above and the response demonstrated throughout this report it is considered that the proposal is entirely tenable and should be supported.